A BILL

To ensure appropriate spectrum planning and interagency coordination to support the Internet of Things.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.

This Act may be cited as the “Developing Innovation and Growing the Internet of Things Act” or “DIGIT Act”.

SEC. 2. FINDINGS; SENSE OF CONGRESS.

(a) FINDINGS.—Congress finds that—

(1) the Internet of Things refers to the growing number of connected and interconnected devices;
estimates indicate that more than 50,000,000,000 devices will be connected to the Internet by the year 2020;

(3) the Internet of Things has the potential to generate trillions of dollars in new economic activity around the world;

(4) businesses across the United States can develop new services and products, improve operations, simplify logistics, cut costs, and pass savings on to consumers by utilizing the Internet of Things and related innovations;

(5) the United States leads the world in the development of technologies that support the Internet and the United States technology sector is well-positioned to lead in the development of technologies for the Internet of Things;

(6) the United States Government can implement this technology to better deliver services to the public; and

(7) the United States Senate unanimously passed Senate Resolution 110, 114th Congress, agreed to March 24, 2015, calling for a national strategy for the development of the Internet of Things.
(b) Sense of Congress.—It is the sense of Congress that policies governing the Internet of Things should maximize the potential and development of the Internet of Things to benefit all stakeholders, including businesses, governments, and consumers.

SEC. 3. DEFINITIONS.

In this Act:

(1) Appropriate Committees of Congress.—The term “appropriate committees of Congress” means—

(A) the Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transportation of the Senate; and

(B) the Committee on Energy and Commerce of the House of Representatives.

(2) Commission.—The term “Commission” means the Federal Communications Commission.

(3) Secretary.—The term “Secretary” means the Secretary of Commerce.

(4) Steering Committee.—The term “steering committee” means the steering committee established under section 4(e)(1).

(5) Working Group.—The term “working group” means the working group convened under section 4(a).
SEC. 4. FEDERAL WORKING GROUP.

(a) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary shall convene a working group of Federal stakeholders for the purpose of providing recommendations and a report to Congress related to the aspects of the Internet of Things described in subsection (b).

(b) DUTIES.—The working group shall—

(1) identify any Federal regulations, statutes, grant practices, budgetary or jurisdictional challenges, and other sector-specific policies that are inhibiting or could inhibit the development of the Internet of Things;

(2) consider policies or programs that encourage and improve coordination among Federal agencies with jurisdiction over the Internet of Things;

(3) consider any findings or recommendations made by the steering committee and, where appropriate, act to implement those recommendations; and

(4) examine—

(A) how Federal agencies can benefit from utilizing the Internet of Things;

(B) the use of Internet of Things technology by Federal agencies as of the date the working group performs the examination;
(C) the preparedness and ability of Federal agencies to adopt Internet of Things technology in the future; and

(D) any additional security measures that Federal agencies may need to take to—

(i) safely and securely use the Internet of Things; and

(ii) enhance the resiliency of Federal systems against cyber threats to the Internet of Things.

(c) AGENCY REPRESENTATIVES.—In convening the working group under subsection (a), the Secretary shall have discretion to appoint representatives and shall specifically consider seeking representation from—

(1) the Department of Commerce, including—

(A) the National Telecommunications and Information Administration;

(B) the National Institute of Standards and Technology; and

(C) the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration;

(2) the Department of Transportation;

(3) the Department of Homeland Security;

(4) the Office of Management and Budget;

(5) the National Science Foundation;
(d) Nongovernmental Stakeholders.—The working group shall consult with nongovernmental stakeholders, including—

(1) the steering committee;

(2) information and communications technology manufacturers, suppliers, service providers, and vendors;

(3) subject matter experts representing industrial sectors other than the technology sector that can benefit from the Internet of Things, including the agriculture and health care sectors;

(4) small, medium, and large businesses;

(5) think tanks and academia;

(6) nonprofits and consumer groups;

(7) rural stakeholders; and

(8) other stakeholders with relevant expertise, as determined by the Secretary.

(e) Steering Committee.—
(1) **Establishment.**—There is established within the Department of Commerce a steering committee to advise the working group.

(2) **Duties.**—The steering committee shall advise the working group with regard to—

(A) the identification of any Federal regulations, statutes, grant practices, programs, budgetary or jurisdictional challenges, and other sector-specific policies that are inhibiting or could inhibit the development of the Internet of Things;

(B) whether adequate spectrum is available to support the growing Internet of Things and what legal or regulatory barriers may exist to providing any spectrum needed in the future;

(C) policies or programs that—

   (i) promote or are related to the privacy of individuals who use or are affected by the Internet of Things;

   (ii) may enhance the security of the Internet of Things;

   (iii) may protect users of the Internet of Things; and
(iv) may encourage coordination among Federal agencies with jurisdiction over the Internet of Things;

(D) the opportunities and challenges associated with the use of Internet of Things technology by small businesses; and

(E) any international proceeding, international negotiation, or other international matter affecting the Internet of Things to which the United States is or should be a party.

(3) MEMBERSHIP.—The Secretary shall appoint to the steering committee members representing a wide range of stakeholders outside of the Federal Government with expertise relating to the Internet of Things, including—

(A) information and communications technology manufacturers, suppliers, service providers, and vendors;

(B) subject matter experts representing industrial sectors other than the technology sector that can benefit from the Internet of Things, including the agriculture and health care sectors;

(C) small, medium, and large businesses;

(D) think tanks and academia;
(E) nonprofit organizations and consumer
groups;

(F) rural stakeholders; and

(G) other stakeholders with relevant exper-
tise, as determined by the Secretary.

(4) REPORT.—Not later than 1 year after the
date of enactment of this Act, the steering com-
mittee shall submit to the working group a report
that includes any findings or recommendations of
the steering committee.

(5) INDEPENDENT ADVICE.—

(A) IN GENERAL.—The steering committee
shall set the agenda of the steering committee
in carrying out the duties of the steering com-
mittee under paragraph (2).

(B) SUGGESTIONS.—The working group
may suggest topics or items for the steering
committee to study, and the steering committee
shall take such suggestions into consideration in
carrying out the duties of the steering com-
mittee.

(C) REPORT.—The steering committee
shall ensure that the report submitted under
paragraph (4) is the result of the independent
judgment of the steering committee.
(6) TERMINATION.—The steering committee shall terminate on the date on which the working group submits the report under subsection (f) unless, on or before that date, the Secretary files a new charter for the steering committee under section 9(c) of the Federal Advisory Committee Act (5 U.S.C. App.).

(f) REPORT TO CONGRESS.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 18 months after the date of enactment of this Act, the working group shall submit to the appropriate committees of Congress a report that includes—

(A) the findings and recommendations of the working group with respect to the duties of the working group under subsection (b);

(B) the report submitted by the steering committee under subsection (e)(4), as the report was received by the working group;

(C) recommendations for action or reasons for inaction, as applicable, on each recommendation made by the steering committee in the report submitted under subsection (e)(4); and

(D) an accounting of any progress made by Federal agencies to implement recommenda-
sections made by the working group or the steering committee.

(2) Copy of report.—Any committee of Congress, upon request, may obtain a copy of the report submitted under paragraph (1).

SEC. 5. ASSESSING SPECTRUM NEEDS.

(a) In general.—The Commission, in consultation with the National Telecommunications and Information Administration, shall issue a notice of inquiry seeking public comment on the current, as of the date of enactment of this Act, and future spectrum needs of the Internet of Things.

(b) Requirements.—In issuing the notice of inquiry under subsection (a), the Commission shall seek comments that consider and evaluate—

(1) whether adequate spectrum is available to support the growing Internet of Things;

(2) what regulatory barriers may exist to providing any needed spectrum for the Internet of Things; and

(3) what the role of licensed and unlicensed spectrum is and will be in the growth of the Internet of Things.

(c) Report.—Not later than 1 year after the date of enactment of this Act, the Commission shall submit to
the appropriate committees of Congress a report summarizing the comments submitted in response to the notice of inquiry issued under subsection (a).